

THE SLOOP
LITTLE POLL,
take a freight for any
in the Cape. Apply to
Harper's wharf, or
Robert Evans.

Salt—Afloat.

Coarse Liverpool SALT,
Favourite at Lawra's
Sale by

Lawson & Fowle;
received by said schooner from

Boftan,
England Rum,

Tea,
and Dipt Candles,

Chocolate,
Havana Segars,

on Gunahs,
Quality Russia Duck,

Lead,
ON HAND,

Hyson and Hyson Skin Tea,
Raven's Duck, superior in

to English,
avenues,
entine.

QUANTITY OF
GUN-POWDER

OR SALE,
and convenient WAREHOUSE

of GROUND, situate on
of street, late the property

deceased; adjoining Mc
fon's. The House fronts
75 feet, subject to a rent

half dollars. For terms apply

W. GORE, or
A. SCHOLFIELD,

property should not be sold
for fifteen Directors to make

Auction, on a credit of nine

Philip G. Marsteller,

NOTICE.

Holders in the Marine Insurance

of Alexandria, are informed

for fifteen Directors to make

paid Company for the year

held at the court-house, in Alex

der of the Directors,

Harthorne, President,

en, Fredericksburg; Mr.

Mr. Bowen, Winchester;

at the above two weeks in

NOTICE.

of the President and Directors

Little River Turnpike Company

in the town of Alexandria

number, 1805—

at the treasurer notify the

Little River Turnpike Company

id up the several calls due

indulgence; and that he can

to be had against all those

immediate payment—and that

ation in one of the new

Fredericksburg, and Winchester,

evin Powell, President,

ville Academy.

ay of January next, an Ac

be opened in this place for

dent, under the direction of

NYON, assisted by out or

an has conducted different

face of several years past,

department is consonant

the accomplishments of a

of literary genius, and

of literary genius, and

of literary genius, and

of literary genius, and

of literary genius, and

of literary genius, and

of literary genius, and

of literary genius, and

of literary genius, and

of literary genius, and

of literary genius, and

of literary genius, and

of literary genius, and

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. VI.]

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 1, 1806.

[No. 1486.]

Public Sale.
On FRIDAY next,
to o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,
RUM

10 bbls. and bls. French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.
Sugar in bbls. tierces and bls.

Chocolate
White and brown Soap and
Mould and dipt Candles
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and fraits,
Queen's Ware in crates,

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
&c.—Also,

A Variety of DRY GOODS,
among which are

Cloths, Coatings, Kersemeres,
Duffs, Plains, Kerleys, Negro Cottons,
Serge, Elasticks, blue Friezes,
Calmancoes, Russels, Yarn Stockings,
Gintzes and Callicoos,
Irish Linens, Sileffa do.
Osnaburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Muslin and Muslin Handkerchiefs,
India Muslins and Table Cloths,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Colour'd Threads, Hats and sundry other
articles.

Philip G. Marsteller.

Nov. 12.

For Freight or Charter
To Europe or the West-Indies,

THE BRIG
EQUATOR,

Henry Moore, Master;

Burthen 230 bbls. For terms apply to the
master on board, or to

HUGH SMITH.

Dec. 16.

For Sale or Freight,
The Schooner

BETSEY,

Burthen eight hundred barrels;
Was built in eighteen hundred and

And is without exception the best Schr.
along to the port—for terms apply to

Benjamin Shreve, jun.

Dec. 14

Liverpool Salt—Afloat.

200 bbls. coarse Liverpool SALT,

on board the schooner Favourite at Lawra's
wharf, and for sale by

Lawson & Fowle;

Who have also received by said schooner from

Boftan,

50 bbls. New England Rum,

6 bbls. Molasses,

90 boxes Mould and Dipt Candles,

20 do. Fresh Chocolate,

20 casks fresh Raisins,

20 do. Best Havana Segars,

6 bbls. Burboon Gunahs,

30 bolts First Quality Russia Duck,

200 lbs. Sweet Lead,

ON HAND,

20 chests Young Hyson and Hyson Skin Teas

20 bolts heavy Raven's Duck, superior in qua-

lity to English,

20 do. light Ravens,

40 barrels Turpentine,

A QUANTITY OF

Bellona GUN-POWDER.

December 20

400 barrels Corn,

70 boxes fresh Mould and Bloom Raisins,

For Sale, by

Mandeville & Jamesson.

December

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE,

Two boxes Irish Linen—real Cole-

lines.

50 barrels prime Pork.

Wm. HONGSON.

November 28.

Russia Clean Hemp.

A few tons of the first quality for sale,

by

John. G. Ladd.

Dec. 2.

diff.

44 bales GERMAN GOODS,

afforded,

And for Sale, on moderate terms,

Lately imported from Bremen by the way of

Baltimore.

December 7.

ROBERT YOUNG.

dom

JAMES BACON,
At his GROCERY STORE, on King Street, has, in
addition to his former stock, added

A fresh Supply of Genuine Articles in
the Grocery Line;

Which makes his assortment complete.

He now offers for sale, on his usual low terms,

Muscovado Sugars, of various qua-

lities,

Loaf and Lump ditto,

Gunpowder,

Imperial,

Hyson,

Young Hyson,

Hyson Skin, and

Souchong

Best Green Coffee,

Chocolate, of a superior quality.

Madeira,

Bufllos,

Sherry,

Lobin,

Tenerife,

Malaga, and

Genuine Old Port

Cognac and Bourdeaux Brandy,

Old Jamaica Spirit, for family use,

Antigua, St. Croix, St. Vincent, and New

England Rum,

Holland Gin,

Irish and country Whiskey,

Molasses, Wine, and Cider Vinegar,

Stoughton's Bitters.

Mace, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cassia, Pimento

Cayenne and Black Pepper, Race and Ground

Ginger, Bitter Salt for table use, Pearl Barley,

Rice, Starch, Fig. blue, Soap, Mould, Dipt and

Spermaceti Candles, Refined Salt Petre, Flotant

Indigo, Alum, Copperas, Madder, Brimstone,

Spinning Cotton, Patent Shot, all sizes, best

English and country-made Gunpowder, Segars,

and Smoking Tobacco, very best Chewing To-

bacco.

Hamilton and Leiper's Snuff, Hunter's Pipes

in boxes.

London Mustard, warranted of a superior qua-

lity, Dixon's best ditto, Wrapping-Paper, De-

mijohn's, &c. &c. with generally every article

in his line—the whole of which have been select-

ed with care and will be disposed of on the very

lowest terms.

December 16.

TUNIS CRAVEN,

Has received by the late arrivals an elegant as-

sortment of

GOODS,

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

London superfine Cloths

and Calimere,

Bennett's patent Cords,

Do. Waitcoatings

Silks, Molekins, Flu-

rentines,

Imperial, clouded and

white Marcellles,

Tollinets, Swandowns,

Flannels, rose Blankets,

Coatings, Plains,

Kerleys, Halsticks,

Lamb's Wool, Worsted,

Cotton and Silk tra-

siery,

Irish & Flanders Sheet

ings,

4 4 1/2 Irish Linens,

Shirting Cotton,

Long Lawns,

Linen Cambricks,

Dimities, Cambric do.

He daily expects an additional

assortment of FALL GOODS.

Oct. 22

TUNIS CRAVEN,

HAS FOR SALE

Best Havana SEGARS in boxes,

And a few Puncheons

NEW-ENGLAND RUM.

November 13.

JUST RECEIVED,

9 boxes—containing

500 pieces Plattillas,

500 do. Britannias,

Entered to drawback on exportation.

A L S O,

30 bbls and 5 hhd New Rum;

For Sale, by

John G. Ladd.

December 13.

TO BE LET,

THE BRICK DWELLING-HOUSE, late-

ly occupied by Thomas Matthews—Like-

wife, the HOUSE and LOT occupied by the

subscriber—who has four elegant EIGHT-DAY

CLOCKS for sale.

E. JANNEY.

10th month, 25th.

2awif

15 hog-heads } Prime retailing Molasses
12 tierces
20 puncheons high proof Jamaica Rum

8 butts Muscat Wine

4 half butts Constantia do.

4 pipes fine old Brazil Madeira

12 boxes French Prunes

10 hog-heads } New-England Rum

15 barrels

50 barrels Pennsylvania Rye Whiskey

6 casks refined British Salt Petre

3 tierces Alum

50 boxes Mould and Dipt Candles

10 boxes Chocolate

Just received, and for sale, for cash or on the

usual credits.

Mandeville & Jamesson.

December 21.

20 Pipes very choice Madeira

Wine.

Imported in the Brig Active, from St. Bar-

tholomews, and for sale by

R. Veitch & Co.

December 21.

N. B. This Wine has lain a considerable time

in the West Indies.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE Copartnership hitherto subsisting under

the firm of Joseph Riddle & Co. of Alexandria,

was dissolved the first instant, by mutual con-

sent: All persons that are indebted to, or that

have claims on the same, are requested to come

DOCUMENTS

Accompanying a message from the President of the United States—Comprising all full length, all the papers not previously inserted in the National Intelligencer.

(G.)
(Continued.)

Natchitoches, September 16, 1805.

Personally appeared before me, John Sibley, one of the justices of the peace in said county, Louis Lamalaty, of Campte in said county, esq. who being duly sworn, depose and saith:

That he is now 66 years of age, and that he was born at the place now called Natchitoches: although he never was at the place where the ancient Caddo village was, he was in the constant habit of seeing the French inhabitants and the soldiers who were then living and stationed there, and has no more doubt of the fact than though he had seen it: he saw Mr. Grappe and his family when they returned from there. And further, that he has no knowledge of the ancient French establishment at the Yatache point in the vicinity of Bayou Pierre, and that three French families lived there before Louisiana was ceded to Spain, and that Mr. Verge lived there for a number of years; and that said place was usually a place of deposit for the Indian traders, &c. And farther, that he has knowledge of Mr. Bourne, formerly commandant of Natchitoches, having had a trading house established on the south west side of the Sabine river, and distant from the river, about six leagues, and from Natchitoches about 80 leagues and about W.N. from it, which establishment was antecedent to the Spanish government's taking place in Louisiana: & that the same place was occupied by sundry persons afterwards, as well before as after the change of government. And that he has been informed that the mill stones that were at the old French establishment at the Caddos, being brought down. And that according to the best of his recollection, it is now about thirty eight years since the said settlement was abandoned; and further this deponent saith not.

Signed,

LOUIS LAMALATY.

Sworn to the 16th September 1805, before me,

Signed,

JOHN SIBLEY,
Justice of Peace.

I, the subscriber, being duly sworn as the interpreter of the French language, do hereby certify that the foregoing declaration of Louis Lamalaty, esq. is truly interpreted and translated.

Signed,

J. HORN.

Natchitoches, Sept. 16, 1805.

Personally appeared before me, John Sibley, one of the justices of the peace for the said county of Natchitoches, Mary Louisa Brevell, widow of Antoine Grillette, deceased, who being duly sworn, depose and saith, that after she married Mr. Grillette, she went with him to the ancient Caddo village, where she remained about 18 months. At that time there were a few French inhabitants who were settled and lived there, and a French commandant who was Mr. Grappe, and as near as she recollects, four soldiers; that the French inhabitants cultivated every thing that was common for the French inhabitants to cultivate in other parts of Louisiana, and that she does not recollect the exact number of years that have elapsed since she was there, but believes it was at least ten years before the government of Spain took place in Louisiana, and that she always understood by her parents, she was there when a child, but she was too young to have remembrance of it. And further the deponent saith not.

Signed,

her
MARY LOUISA BREVELL,
mark.

Sworn to before me at Natchitoches aforesaid, the day and year aforesaid.

Signed,

JOHN SIBLEY,
Justice of the Peace.

I, the subscriber, being duly sworn, as interpreter of the French language, do hereby certify that the above deposition of Mary Louisa Brevell is truly interpreted.

Signed,

JOHN HORN.

Natchitoches, Sept. 16, 1805.

Personally appeared before, John Sibley one of the justices of the peace for the county of Natchitoches, J. Baptiste Grap-

pe, an inhabitant of Campte in said county and likewise one of the justices of the peace for the same, aged forty two years who being duly sworn depose and saith, that thirty five or thirty six years ago, he went with his father from Natchitoches to the ancient Caddo village, where he remained about four months; at that time there were no families or soldiers living there, but the houses of the French families who lived there but a few years before together with their fort and the flag staff and the barracks, or houses occupied by the soldiers, were all standing entire, and that his father told him which of the fields and houses his family had occupied for a number of years; and likewise he remembers to have seen in the fort the ambusers and platform where the cannon were placed. And that he recollects his father used to call the distance from Natchitoches to the said place by water about the same as from Natchitoches to N. Orleans, viz. about one hundred and seventy leagues. And further that he well recollects some French families, particularly a Mr. Verge, and a Mr. de Coto, living at the Yatache Point, so called, and that he always understood they had lived there for many years before Louisiana was ceded to Spain, and that the same place has always continued to be occupied by some French inhabitants and is situated on the western division of Red River, about twenty five leagues above Natchitoches, and is now a part of what is called the Bayou Pierre settlement, under the jurisdiction of the Spanish government in the province of Texas. And that he has been several times at a place called the Dout on the E. Bank of the Sabine River, at a prairie towards the head of said River, where there was an appearance of some works having been erected by the French as a trading establishment, and where his father and many Indians had told him the French flag had been hoisted, and the arms of the king of France buried.

And farther the deponent saith not.

(Signed)

BTE. GRAPPE.

Sworn to before me at Natchitoches, the 16th day of Sept. 1805.

(Signed)

JOHN SIBLEY, Justice of Peace.

I, the subscriber, being duly sworn as an interpreter of the French language, do hereby certify that the foregoing deposition of John Baptiste Grappe, esq. is truly interpreted and translation.

Signed,

J. HORN.

Senate of the United States.

Debate on the motion of DR. LOGAN for leave to bring in a bill to suspend the commercial intercourse between the U. States and St. Domingo.

(Continued.)

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 20.

Doctor Logan having assigned his reasons for asking permission to introduce the bill.

MR. ADAMS said,

Mr. President—Had the gentleman who asks leave to introduce this bill, assigned any new reasons as the foundation of his motion, whatever my opinion might have been upon their merits, I should not think it proper to combat them at this time; but the object of the bill is so simple, that its details are immaterial. Its purpose is totally to prohibit a branch of our commerce, which at the last session of the legislature was proved to be of great importance to the country. Unless, therefore, a majority of the senate should be of opinion that the bill ought to pass, it appears to me that the present is the stage at which it ought to be arrested: since the mere discussion of the question and pendency of the measure before congress, may have an unfavorable effect on the commercial interest, or at least injuriously affect individual merchants, in the course of their affairs.

It is well known to every member upon this floor, and to the public in general, that the same gentleman who now wishes to introduce this bill, did at the last session of congress make a motion for leave to bring in at that time, which was rejected; and I expected that on its renewal at this time he would have alleged some new grounds for the measure; but in this expectation I have been disappointed. He tells us indeed that unless we do prohibit this commerce it will inevitably lead us into a war with the French republic; I have certainly no more disposition than any gentleman here to be at war with France; but excepting that gentleman's assertion (to which I am willing to give all the credit which it can be entitled to) what particle of evidence have we that the St. Domingo trade will expose us

to any such danger? What evidence has the gentleman himself alleged in support of his assertion? Why, sir, he has read to us a part of the president's message, at the opening of the last session of congress, and a correspondence between the British and French ministers, and the secretary of state, six or nine months previous to that time, and complaining that some of our merchant vessels were armed. It is surely needless for me to mention in this house, that in consequence of that very passage in the president's message of last year, and of those very complaints of those foreign ministers, a bill did actually pass both houses of congress, after a long and ample discussion of the subject; which bill was intended to remove those causes of complaint, and is now in force. This bill I have understood was satisfactory on all hands, and it has been within a very few days declared by a member of this body, in his place, to have given satisfaction to the French government in particular, nor has that information been contradicted. This conclusion indeed may be inferred from the tenor of the president's communication to congress at the commencement of the present session. If any intimation of complaints from foreign powers relative to this subject, is contained in this message, it has escaped my attention, and I can indeed safely affirm there is none; and is not this silence itself, a strong, an irresistible proof that no such complaints have been made; but that the measures adopted by congress at the last session have been satisfactory? Believing it as I do, and that no needless interference of the government with the regular course of commercial transaction ought ever to be countenanced, I hope the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Dr. Logan) will not have leave to bring in this bill.

Gen. Jackson seconded Dr. Logan's motion, and in reply to Mr. Adams said, that he wished the Dr. to make it an annual motion, as Mr. Sawbridge had in the parliament of England to reduce septennial parliaments, but with more effect until the trade so highly dishonorable to national character was annihilated. As to Mr. Adams's observations that the bill was not allowed to be brought in last session, and that he had heard no new arguments, he would answer the gentleman by asking what new arguments had been advanced on the bill to prohibit the importation of slaves, where leave was given two days since to bring in the bill, and the same arguments were rung in our ears by Quakers and others, ever since the constitution had been in operation, and not a new one had been produced. He said that the day would come when this dishonorable traffic would be ruled by the United States: that the day must arrive when a general peace would take place, when the present hostilities must cease; that it must and would then become the interest of every nation of Europe having colonies in the West Indies, to extirpate this horde or ship them off to some other place. That the United States by affording them succor, arms, ammunition and provisions, must be considered by them as their allies; their supporters and their protectors. That he believed the United States would be viewed in this light by the French government and by themselves, and that they would demand and expect us to grant them an asylum as allies and protectors, and send them to our coast. This was no novelty, and he had received information from a late celebrated French general, given in a public company at the city of Washington where he boarded, and the general was one who dined there; that arrangements had been made, if general Le Clerc had been victorious, to send those brigands to the southern states. This was a melancholy subject for South Carolina and Georgia, and one of those brigands introduced into the southern states, was worse than an hundred importations of blacks from Africa, and more dangerous to the United States.

(To be continued.)

From the FREDERICK TOWN HERALD.

"Oppugnation" in Virginia—Every new aspect in what may be considered "the great deep" of democracy, will be generally interesting and important. In times past, we have hinted at one source of disaffection in the Ancient Dominion, in our speculations on Old and New Virginia. Other causes have been arising, not yet fully understood or completely matured, but which manifestly tend to a serious division, among the democrats of that state. This is sufficiently betrayed in the language of Mr. Jefferson's Enquirer, relative to the proceedings of their legislature now in session; and the fears and the uneasiness of the party appear very palpable from the pains taken to conceal and disavow. Other

information has already reached us, which must render the politics of our "State" more and more an object of curiosity, and our attention will necessarily be attracted to that sphere with a searching and inquisitive eye. For the present, we merely offer some few plain facts, as given us by a respectable and attentive friend of the scene of action.

Extract of a letter from Richmond, dated Dec. 17.

"Whilst I am writing permit me to give you a sketch of the politics of this place. On the 4th ult. the executive with advice of council of state, appointed Creed Taylor a judge of the general court, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the death of the late Joseph Jones. This Creed Taylor is said to be an ambitious and violent republican, that he denounces all those of his own sect who hesitate or refuse to go all lengths in persecuting those who differ from him in political sentiments, that he was the father of a caucus held about two years ago, prescribing a test to the electors of president and vice-president of the United States, and that he was the father of a caucus held last winter to obtain from the general assembly a resolution to instruct the treasurer of this state to discriminate between the citizens in his choice of directors to the bank of Virginia, he is said to be a man of ingenuity and possessing considerable talents. He calls himself a sound republican, and professes great love for the people, he was thought to have the good of the people much at heart, that his friends in the executive council thought him a proper person to supply the vacancy in the senate of the United States, occasioned by the resignation of Wilson C. Nicholas, esq. a majority of the council however gave a preference, to Andrew Moore, esq. but an opportunity soon offered to the friends of the good man, to bring him once more into view, by the promotion of judge Tucker to the court of appeals, whereby a vacancy was occasioned on the bench of the general court. Mr. Taylor was recommended as the man best qualified to supply that vacancy, as the disinterested patriot of '98, who had fought bloodless battles in times that tried men's souls, yet such was the weakness of the legislature, that they gave a decided preference to general Brooke, at the time speaker of the Senate of this state, a gentleman greatly his inferior in stature but infinitely superior in talents and refinement. The senate in order to make some amends to Mr. Taylor for his disappointment, elected him their speaker to supply the vacancy consequent on the election of gen. Brooke, in which station he continued until the 4th ult. on which day the death of the honorable judge Jones was announced to the executive of this state. That body, with a promptitude that does them infinite honor, (at the instance of Alexander M'Rae, esq. one of the honorable members) on the same day unanimously appointed Creed Taylor to supply the vacancy. The good patriot and dear love of the people, instantly obeyed the voice of his country, to a dignified and snug office for life, came on to Richmond, took the oath of office and a seat on the bench of the general court.

Now it will certainly astonish you to be informed that notwithstanding the unanimous appointment of the executive, and notwithstanding the many traits of disinterested patriotism evinced by this good man, and the great lover of the people and fat offices, the legislature should have had the temerity to displace him, and elect in his stead Hugh Holmes, esq. a speaker of the house of delegates, a gentleman also very much inferior in stature, but certainly his superior in every requisite to constitute the judge or the gentleman. Yet such is the fact, and this good friend of the people is another evidence of the ingratitude of republics. True it is that some members of the legislature undertake to say that Mr. Taylor is designing, ambitious and despotic, that he makes republicanism subservient to his unbounded pride and ambition, and a stalking horse to some profitable office. They farther say that the executive appointment was a concerted plan, as it was evident from the advanced age of several of the judges of the general court that a vacancy must soon happen, in order to forestall the public sentiment. They further say that the executive did not supply the vacancy occasioned about two years ago in the court of appeals, by the death of the venerable judge Pendleton, and that there was no necessity for the temporary appointment of the executive in the present case, as the full circuit courts were all held previous to the vacancy, and the meeting of the legislature so near at hand, but this is all fuz.

"The friends of Mr. Taylor call the majority of the legislature tertium quid, moderates, apostates, &c. In reply it

and probably with a great deal of truth, that Creed Taylor and about six or eight characters are the only tertium quid in the state, that they are not a party but a despicable junta to themselves the exclusive of the commonwealth, relating to the commonwealth, filling public sentiment, that themselves republicans and democrats, in fact despots and tyrants, their sole object is office and power. Which of the party may be known not, as I have no admission into their conclaves, certain it is that considerable diversity of sentiment exists—Those who are really in principle, and friends to the commonwealth, are obliged to be afraid of these turbulent characters, and are obliged to reference to coalesce with honest men to maintain the peace and the commonwealth, and thus account for the preference of Mr. Creed Taylor, and of William M'Rae governor, to Alexander M'Rae.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec.

Latest from the Continent rope.

Yesterday arrived the ship L. Lida, Captain O'Conner from T. which he left the 12th November. The attention of a commercial man favoured with a file of German to the 5th of November, which put into the hands of the translator received them at so late an hour we are only enabled to give the bill our next.

MUNICH, October 20.

According to general orders, of the Inn must be forced in 4. All the troops are this day in those quarters here marched this morning, and fresh troops constantly passing through. The head quarters come on the first of the month. The marshals Bernadotte must exchange the command of that the former commands now the latter the right wing.

ULM, October 25.

Near Leutkirch several thousand Austrian Troops of the division of Wolfskuhl, were taken prisoner by French General Vandamme.

FROM BAVARIA.

An action took place between French and Bavarian troops in the hood of Oessaig.

The advanced posts of the army of Marshal Bernadotte are already on the march. Numbers of troops advance. Electorate of Salzburg—The French seems to be, to conquer, so as to get in the back of the army through Corinthia a command with the army of General Massena, possible to turn the Archduke Charles.

VIENNA, October 20.

General Mack, who was taken of war, by the French is arrived as it is said with proposals for peace on our part, there seems to be less inclination to quit the field of less the proposed peace be very for Austria.

His Russian Imperial Majesty expected in Vienna, and preparing already making for his reception.

AUGSBURG, October 20.

The day before yesterday a few French were heard on the side of the French therefore have without a doubt the passes through the mountains has taken place on the Inn.

RATISBON, October 20.

The Russians have retreated to wait for reinforcements. A division of the army of general Bonaire is already marched against Paffau is said to be taken by the Austrians and Vildrolen are in the French.

FROM THE MAYN, Oct.

The elector of Bavaria is returned from the way of A. with the minister of state, which place the French minister likewise gone.

HANAU, October 20.

According to private letters from Imperial Royal Quarter master field marshal general Mack, had ences of the emperor Napoleon, but for Austria, which lalled each time; and at his departure

has already reached us, which
the politics of our "Sister
and more an object of curi-
our attention will necessarily be
that sphere with a searching
eye. For the present, we
some few plain facts, as given
respectable and attentive friend
of action.

A letter from Richmond, dated
Dec. 17.

I am writing permit me to give
h of the politics of this place. On
the executive with advice of the
state, appointed Creed Taylor
the general court, to supply the
vacation by the death of the hon-
bles. This Creed Taylor is an
ambitious and violent republican,
outrages all those of his own sect,
or refuse to go all lengths in
those who differ from him in
sentiments, that he was the father
held about two years ago, pre-
test to the electors of president
resident of the United States
the father of a caucus held last
biennium from the general assembly
on to instruct the treasurer of
to discriminate between the citi-
zen's choice of directors to the bank
is, he is said to be a man of in-
possessing considerable talents,
himself a sound republican, and
great love for the people, he was
have the good of the people at
heart, that his friends in the ex-
ecutive thought him a proper person
to fill the vacancy in the senate of
the state, occasioned by the resigna-
tion of C. Nicholas, esq. a ma-
jor council however gave a pre-
ference to Andrew Moore, esq. but an op-
inion offered to the friends of this
to bring him once more into
the promotion of Judge Tucker to
the bench of the general court.
Taylor was recommended as
qualified to supply that vacan-
cy, interested patriot of '98, who
bloodless battles in times that
s souls, yet such was the weak-
ness of the legislature, that they gave a
preference to general Brooke, at that
time of the Senate of this state, a
greatly his inferior in stature,
superior in talents and refined
manners. The senate in order to
make room for Mr. Taylor for his dis-
appointment elected him their speaker to
supply the vacancy consequent on the
death of Judge Jones, in which station he
filled the 4th ult. on which day the
honorable judge Jones was
promoted to the executive of this state,
with a promptitude that de-
serves honor, (at the instance of A.
Rae, esq. one of the honorable
members on the same day unanimously
elected Creed Taylor to supply the
vacancy of the good patriot and dear
lover of his country, instantly obeyed the voice
of the people, to a dignified and snug office
came on to Richmond, took the
oath of office and a seat on the bench
of the court.

will certainly astonish you to be
that notwithstanding the unpopu-
larity of the executive, and
adding the many traits of dis-
courage and patriotism evinced by this
great lover of the people,
the legislature should have
merited to displace him, and
instead Hugh Holmes, esq. the
father of the house of delegates, a
very much inferior in stature
certainly his superior in every
respect, to constitute the judge or the
et such is the fact, and this
the people is another evidence
of republicans. True it is
members of the legislature
say that Mr. Taylor is designing
and despotic, that he makes
him subservient to his unbounded
ambition, and a stalking horse
for a stable office. They farther
executive appointment was a
plan, as it was evident from
of several of the judges of
court that a vacancy must
in order to forestall the public
They further say that the
not supply the vacancy occa-
sioned by the death of the venerable
judge, and that there was no necessity
of an appointment of the
present case, as the fall
elections were all held previous to
the meeting of the legislature
hand, but this is all false.
friends of Mr. Taylor call
of the legislature tertium quid
apostates, &c. In reply it

and probably with a great deal of
truth, that Creed Taylor and about ten or
twelve characters south of James's River,
and about six or eight characters in this ci-
ty, are the only tertium quid in this com-
monwealth, that they are not an interme-
diate party but a despicable junta, arrogat-
ing to themselves the exclusive right of
controlling public sentiment, that they call
themselves republicans and democrats, but
in fact despots and tyrants, and that
their sole object is office and power.

Which of the party may be relied on
know not, as I have no admission into
their conclaves, certain it is that there is
considerable diversity of sentiment among
them—Those who are really republicans
are afraid of these turbulent and ambitious
characters, and are obliged in their own
defence to coalesce with honest men in or-
der to maintain the peace and tranquility
of the commonwealth, and thus you may
account for the preference of maj. Holmes
to Creed Taylor, and of William H. Cabell
as governor, to Alexander M'Rea."

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 30.

Latest from the Continent of Eu-
rope.

Yesterday arrived the ship Lovely Ma-
jida, Captain O'Connor, from Tonnigen,
which he left the 12th November, and by
the attention of a commercial friend, we
are favoured with a file of German papers
to the 5th of November, which we have
put into the hands of the translator, but
we received them at so late an hour, that
we are only enabled to give the following
till our next.

MUNICH, October 25.

According to general orders, the passage
of the Inn must be forced in 4 days time.
All the troops are this day in motion.
Those quartered here marched off again
this morning, and fresh troops are con-
stantly passing through. The Bavarian
head quarters come on the frontiers of
Tyrol. The marshals Bernadotte and Da-
voust exchange the command of wings, so
that the former commands now the left and
the latter the right wing.

ULM, October 25.

Near Leutkirch several thousand Imp-
Austrian Troops of the division of Gen-
eral Wolskehl, were taken prisoners by the
French General Vandamme.

FROM BAVARIA, Oct. 23.

An action took place between the Russi-
an and Bavarian troops in the neighbour-
hood of Ossaig.

The advanced posts of the army of Mar-
shal Bernadotte are already on the Salza.
Numbers of troops advance against the
Electorate of Salzburg—The plan of the
French seems to be, to conquer this coun-
try, so as to get in the back of Tyrol, to
open through Corinthia a communication
with the army of General Massena, and if
possible to turn the Archduke Charles.

VIENNA, October 26.

General Mack, who was taken prisoner
of war, by the French is arrived here, and
as it is said with proposals for peace. But
on our part, there seems to be but very lit-
tle inclination to quit the field of battle un-
less the proposed peace be very honorable
for Austria.

His Russian Imperial Majesty is shortly
expected in Vienna, and preparations are
already making for his reception.

AUGSBURG, October 27.

The day before yesterday a severe cannonade
was heard here on the side of the Tyrolese: the
French therefore have without a doubt attacked
the passes through the mountains. An action
has taken place on the Inn.

RATISBON, October 28.

The Russians have retreated to Wells and there
wait for reinforcements.
A division of the army of general Berna-
dotte is already marched against Salzburg.—
Ratisbon is said to be taken by the Austrians.
Stratzen and Vilsbibingen are in the hands of
the French.

FROM THE MAYN, October 29.

The elector of Bavaria is returned from Wurtz-
burg to Manchen by the way of Anspach, to-
gether with the minister of state Morigelas, to
which place the French minister Mr. Otto is
likewise gone.

HANAU, October 29.

According to private letters from Suzia, the
Imperial Royal Quarter master general, lieut.
field marshal general Mack, had several audi-
ences of the emperor Napoleon, before his depar-
ture for Austria, which lasted for three hours
each time; and at his departure general Mack

received two letters in the own hand writing of
the French emperor of Germany. It is observed
at the same time, that, of all the Austrian ge-
nerals, general Mack alone obtained the favor
to travel through the French army by the way
of Munich to Vienna. It is likewise supposed,
that the dispatches sent after the archduke Ferdi-
nand, contained proposals for peace.

LONDON, October 22.

Lord Harrowby is appointed Ambassador ex-
traordinary to the Court of Berlin; Mr. Ham-
mond accompanies him as first secretary of Le-
gation, and Mr. Montague as private Secretary.
It is said that Lord Harrowby has full power and
instructions immediately to agree to the propo-
sals of the court of Berlin. Said Lord Harrow-
by set out yesterday already for Berlin, together
with Mr. Hammond.

November 7.

THE EXPEDITION.

The general report has been, that the force
that has failed from the Downs is bound to Han-
over. We may now however state, as the state-
ment cannot now be detrimental to the object of
the expedition, that we have reason to believe it
is destined against Boulogne. It is known to go-
vernment that the whole force in that place does
not exceed 4000 men. The transports, it is
believed, will land their troops as near the town
as they can, and no doubt is entertained that
they will carry the place. Sir Sydney Smith is at
the same time to keep the batteries employed;
and to attempt destroying part of the shipping.
In the event of success, the whole must be an-
nihilated. The attack, we believe, was intended
to be made last night.

The following enumeration of distances be-
tween these places and the seat of war, may be
useful in serving to illustrate the relative situa-
tion of the armies:

From Vienna to Munich there are three roads,
the two principal of which at this juncture, are
those by the way of Brunnau and Salzburg.—
From Vienna to Ens the distance is 165 Eng-
lish miles; from thence to Brunnau on the Inn,
the last Imperial town, 105 miles; to Munich
85; from Ens to Salzburg the distance is 100
miles; and from thence to Munich 84. General
Kennerly has joined the Russians either at
Brunnau or Salzburg; if at the latter place, as
sistance might have been sent, if there had been
time, to General Mack, by Inspruck in the Ty-
rol; this place is 60 miles from Fieston, very
strong, and 30 from Kempton, which lies by
Inns and Wangen; from Lindau 45 miles;
from Memingen 20, and from that place to Ulm
30 miles. Ulm, by Memingen to Lindau is
75 miles, and by Ravensburg 65; Regentz is
from Lindau 31 1/4 miles. From Ulm by Frank-
fort and Celorge to Amsterdam, the distance is
410 miles; & by way of Bafil to Paris 390
miles. A person may with ease reach Amsterdam
in 4 days, and Paris in three days.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 1.

Extract of a letter from Washington to the
Editor of the Alexandria Advertiser.

"Yesterday, in consequence of a notice
in Mr. Smith's official Intelligencer, the
galleries of the house of congress were
numerously attended, to see the different
tribes of Indians pay a visit to their fathers.
As the house of representatives was called
to order the savages entered, dressed in
their war habiliments. There were near
40, and who completely filled the inside
gallery. Tho' I was gratified with a sight
of these tribes, yet I was sorry to observe
a number of beautiful young female citi-
zens obliged to give up their seats to make
room for them. The ladies were compell-
ed to quit the floor of the house, or to
view the sight from the upper galleries
amongst Turks, Jews, Infidels and Ne-
groes, or to suspend their curiosity. As
this is not one of the virtues of the fair
sex they mounted amongst the dingy
groupe.

"The fantastic dresses of the Indians,
exceed in description, the limits of my let-
ter. The head warriors were plastered
on their faces with a brick dust colour, the
next in rank, as I conjectured, were half
coloured, and others attained their natural
swarthy skin."

"In the evening they gave a dance at the
Theatre, and took in return dollars and ar-
dent spirits, which stimulated by the exer-
tions of the evening, killed a chief. Pre-
parations are making for his interment in
the Indian manner."

The following gentlemen are appointed by
the President of the United States offi-
cers of the 2d Legion of Militia of the
district of Columbia:

Adam Lynn, Captain of light infantry.
Lewis Summers, Captain of artillery.
James H. Hove, Captain of infantry.
John Young, Captain of infantry.
Edmund L. Lee, First lieut. of cavalry.
William Washington, Second lieut. of
cavalry.
Nathaniel M'Allister, Lieutenant of light
infantry.
Wm. T. Peck, Ensign of light infantry.

Pennsylvania Hospital, Dec. 27th.

On Wednesday the 25th instant, a WEN
was extracted by Dr. Physick, in the cir-
cular room, from the cheek and neck of Jas.
Hayes, of Dauphin county, in the state of
Pennsylvania, in the presence of Doctors
Wistar and Cox, Physicians of the Hospi-
tal; and about eighty students of Medicine
from different parts of the Union, who
were privileged to attend the practice of
the house.

This Wen had been upwards of twenty
years progressing in its growth, and when
extracted, it was measured and weighed.

The dimensions were as follows:

Projection from his cheek 7 1/2 inches.
Circumference round the base 23.
Circumference in its largest extent 25 1/2.
Ditto in the least part of it 19 1/2.
The weight was seven pounds.

It is supposed the patient might have lost
about ten or 12 ounces of blood. This se-
vere operation he bore with the greatest for-
titude, and there is a reasonable prospect
of his doing well.

Proceedings of Congress
Taken for the "ALEXANDRIA DAILY
ADVERTISER."

NINTH CONGRESS,
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, December 31.

Resolved, on for a tax upon imported slaves.

Mr. Sloan again called for the resolution
on he had offered some time since, on this
head. It would said Mr. S. be remembered
by the house, that he had before called
for it, and on the request of a gentleman
from South Carolina (Mr. D. R. Will-
iams) he had consented to let it lie on the
table.

He had however just received informa-
tion, that the bill to this effect which had
been some time pending in the house of
assembly, in South Carolina, was lost, he
therefore now called on the house to take
up his resolution, viz.

"Resolved, that a tax of ten dollars be
laid on every slave which may hereafter be
imported into the United States."

Mr. Sloan, then moved, that it be refer-
red to the committee of the whole for to-
morrow.

Mr. Holland observed, that the resolu-
tion mentioned, had passed the house of
assembly in South Carolina and as he was
informed the senate also.

He therefore
Moved, That the resolution now before
the house, be referred to the first Monday
in May.

Affirmative, 16.

Not carried.

The question was then put for Monday
next and carried.

Affirmative, 60.

Negative, 22.

Message from the President of the United
States, communicating all the information
to be obtained from the offices respecting
the debts due to the United States, and in-
closing a letter therein from the secretary
of the treasury.

The letter stated that no individual state
except New York, had appropriated any
part of the balances due to the United States
in defence of their forts and harbors;
which state had expended therein 136533
dollars 82 cents.

On motion of Mr. Dawson, the message
and letter was referred to a committee of
the whole on the state, the union.

Motion for Navy Yards.

Mr. Elliot, offered the following resolu-
tion.

Resolved, That it is expedient to provide
by law for fitting and providing Navy Yards
belonging to the United States, on or near
the shore of the Atlantic Ocean, for the
reception of ships and vessels of war of the
United States, and he moved that it be re-
ferred to a committee of the whole.

Mr. Dawson wished that the resolution
might be referred to the secretary of the
navy.

Mr. Newton said he hoped not; during
the last session a motion was made to this
effect & referred,—he added the house was
the best judge of this matter.

Mr. J. Cotton Smith, said that the re-
solution related most to the Committee
already appointed on that part of the pre-
sident's speech which relates to the defence
of forts and harbors.

Mr. Elliot concurring in this and having
withdrawn his motion to refer it to the
committee of the whole, the same was re-
ferred to the committee named by Mr.
Smith.

On motion, it was resolved, that a com-
mittee be instructed to enquire whether

any and what further security be required
of marshalls employed by the U. States in
their official duties, and that they report by
bill or otherwise. Agreed to.

SECRET COMMUNICATION—Doors closed.

Mr. Finley now rose and said; that he
had a communication of a secret nature to
make to the house, and the speaker having
read the rule in such case provided, order-
ed all to withdraw except the members and
their clerk.

In about an hour the door opened again,
and the house adjourned.

Petitions and reports of petitions in a
day or two.

FOR SALE,

On moderate Terms,

The SHIP

HETTY.

Just arrived from Liverpool, and
lying at Col. Ramsay's wharf. Her inventory
may be seen and description of the ship made
known, on application to Captain Russell, on
board or to

Ricketts, Newton & Co.

If said ship is not sold in ten or fifteen days,
she will be for freight or charter to any port in
Europe.

R. N. & Co.

January 1.

33 bbls and 80 bbls Mulcovade
Sugar,
20 bbls Prime Green Coffee,
8 punches 4th proof Jamaica Rum,
20 bags Black Pepper, and
50 bbls Strong Beer, from some of the best
breweries in Philadelphia.

For Sale, by

Daniel M'Clean.

January 1.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,
By ROBERT GRAY, Bookfeller,
KING STREET;

A new and very highly interesting WORK,

ENTITLED

A NORTHERN SUMMER,

OR,

Travels round the Baltic;

Through Denmark, Sweden, Russia, Prussia, and

part of Germany—in the year 1804.

By JOHN CARR, Esq.

Author of the Stranger in France, &c.

Price, Two Dollars, bound and lettered.

Sold also by JOHN GRAY Frederickburgh,

and JOSEPH MILLIGAN George-Town.

Lately Received,

The following PLAYS:

SCHOOL of REFORM, or how to rule a
Husband; To Marry, or not to Marry; Rich-
ard the 3d; Hamlet; Who wants a Guinea;
Padlock; Prize, or 2, 5, 3, 8; Venice Pre-
served; Hotel; Fair Penitent; Il. Bondecani;
Matrimony; Blind Bargain; First Floor, &c.
A L S O,

A large supply of Writing Paper,
Which will be sold low for cash.
January 1.

HENRY K. MAY

Has received, per Brig Equator, Moore, from
New-Castle, and offers for Sale, if immedi-
ately applied for;

80 casks Red Lead,
38 casks Patent Shot,
18 casks Ingot Lead; and
36 sheets Milled do.

December 18.

HENRY K. MAY,

Has received per schooner Maria, from Boston,
and offers for Sale,

13 bales Beerboon Gurrahs.

December 30.

For Sale or Hire,
A Negro Woman and Child.

Enquire of the Printer.

Dec. 31.

KILN-DRIED MEAL.
200 barrels of Corn Meal, well
dried, and in nice shipping order.

Apply to MORDECAI MILLER.

December 9.

Bills on Philadelphia,

At short sight,

In sums to suit purchasers, may be had if im-
mediate application is made to

Lawson & Fowle.

December 5.

HUGH SMITH

Has received by the ship Hetty, his assortment of
Queens Ware,

And by the brig Equator, an assortment of
Cut and Plain Glass,

Which will enable him to supply the orders of
his customers.

On board of the Hetty,
5000 bushels Stewed Salt,

300 do. coarse house Coal,
150 do. Canal do.

Dec. 31.

The highest price given for
clean Linen Rags, by the Printer.

Valuable Lands and Negroes FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber desirous of disposing of his valuable property, so as to bring his affairs more within his reach and management, offers for sale the following lands and negroes, at prices to be reduced as to claim the attention of persons wishing to invest money in such property, viz:

CHATHAM, that elegant and highly improved seat on the banks of the Rappahannock River, directly opposite the town of Fredericksburg, containing about eleven hundred acres, four hundred of which are in wood, and valuable timber, the rest in cultivation, and pleasure grounds. The land in tillage is level, a considerable part of it has been highly manured, and the whole of it well adapted to the culture of grain, small grain, and Indian corn, as the crop now growing will attest. The house and offices are of brick, and on a large and handsome scale, with a garden in front containing four acres, laid off with taste and well planted with the choicest fruit trees, now in full bearing, and ornamented with forest trees and shrubs of almost every description. There is on the estate adjoining the river, a grist-mill built of free stone, containing the modern machinery and two pair of stones, one of them French Burr. It commands a large country, and is well situated for merchant business, and has rented for five hundred dollars per annum exclusive of all the grain of the farm hopper free, which is equal to three hundred dollars more. There are all necessary out houses, for either convenience or luxury, such as ice-house, spring-house, barn, stable, offices, &c. &c. With all these advantages and expensive improvements, this property is offered at a price which the lands alone ought to command. There are also some valuable fisheries, and quarries of free stone on this estate.

Also, a tract of land generally called Clark's, about two miles below Chatham, on the north bank of the Rappahannock river, and within view of the town of Fredericksburg, containing upwards of four hundred acres. About one hundred and twenty acres of this tract is Rappahannock river bottom in cultivation, and is well adapted to Indian corn, small grain, &c. the residue is in wood, furnishing a height, which furnishes a beautiful site for building.

Also, a tract of land in Stafford county, adjoining Stafford court house, containing upwards of twelve hundred acres. This is good farming land, and has several tenants on it.

Also, a tract of land in Westmoreland and Richmond counties, containing upwards of two thousand acres, on which there are also several tenants. These two last mentioned tracts of land will be sold in small tenements, or in entire tracts, as may best suit the wishes of purchasers.

Also, a tract of land called Boyd's Hole, containing about one hundred and fifty acres, on the banks of the Potomac, in King George county, on which there are a comfortable dwelling house, store and tobacco inspection ware house. Few situations combine more advantages, it being an excellent stand for a store, ferry and tavern, the two first of which are at present kept there. The houses have lately been put in good repair, and the buildings alone will rent for three hundred dollars a year. The land is good in quality, and the situation abounds in fish, oysters and wild owl.

Also, a valuable site for a Mill, with 50 acres of Land adjoining, in King George county, and not far distant from the last mentioned tract. There has been a mill here for many years which has lately gone to decay, the dam is substantial and entire, and the situation for a country mill not equalled in that neighborhood, commanding a very extensive custom; the land is covered with cedar, which alone renders it very valuable.

Also, several Lots and Houses in the town of Fredericksburg.

Likewise, about two hundred and thirty NEGROES, of different ages, sizes and description. Affairs of them by families will be preferred; to effect this they will be offered at a reduced price. As a part of these Negroes are at present attached to the Chatham estate, the purchaser of that property may be accommodated with any number of them, as well as stock of every description.

Bank Stock of any of the Banks in Virginia, Maryland, or the district of Columbia, will be received in payment for any part of this property at a fair price, and bargains will be given, as the subscriber unable to attend to property so distant, is anxious to convert it into stock.

He will also rent a number of FARMS on his Ravensworth estate, containing from 2 to 400 acres each, on encouraging terms, to good farmers. They lay from eight to ten miles distant from Alexandria, George Town, and the City of Washington, and convenient to the turnpike road now building from Alexandria to the upper country.

William Fitzhugh.

October 10,

A NEW NOVEL.

Just Published, by COTTON and STEWART, and for Sale, at their Store, [PRICE ONE DOLLAR 75 CENTS.]

Fleetwood:

OR

The NEW MAN OF FEELING.

BY WILLIAM GODWIN.

September 18,

JUST RECEIVED.

And for Sale by the Subscriber, 100 ps. brown Russia Sheetings, Entitled to 100 do. Ravens Dack } Dbk. on Ex. 3 bales German Tickenburgs 50 bolts Russia Duck 100 barrels Bolton Beef 30 do. Tanners Oil 400 casks Stone Lime 100 boxes mould and dipt Tallow Candles 6 pipes old real Cognac Brandy West India and New England Rum And a quantity of Mens, Womens and Childrens SHOES.

John G. Ladd.

November 16.

ROBERT GRAY,

BOOKSELLER, KING-STREET. HAS IN THE PRESS,

And will be published in about two weeks, in a beautiful octavo volume, on fine wave medium paper, neatly bound and lettered, price Two Dollars, a new and very highly interesting work, ENTITLED

A NORTHERN SUMMER;

O R,

Travels Round the Baltic,

Through Denmark, Sweden, Russia, Prussia, and part of Germany, in the year 1804.

By JOHN CARR, Esq.

Author of the STRANGER IN FRANCE, &c. &c.

On hand the following Valuable Books,

Debates of the Virginia Convention on the adoption of the Federal Government.

Pinkerton's Modern Geography, two large octavo volumes, and a beautiful quarto Atlas, containing sixty-three Maps.

Blackstone's Commentaries, (Judge Tucker) five volumes.

Bacon's abridgement of the Law, 7 vols. octavo.

Viner's abridgement of the Law, in 28 octavo volumes bound in calf, London edition.

Hening's New Virginia Justice.

Revised Code of the Laws of Virginia.

Gibbon's Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire, twelve volumes octavo, London edition.

Same Book Philadelphia edition, in eight vols.

Damelle's Encyclopaedia, five volumes octavo.

Holy Bible, in four volumes octavo, printed on fine wave paper with an elegant type.

Anacharist's Travels, four volumes octavo.

Gillies Greece, four volumes octavo.

History of England, by Hume, Smollet, and others, 12 volumes octavo, the two last contain the History of the American Revolution.

Edward's History of the West Indies, a new edition published by subscription, three volumes are received.

Commercial Dictionary, three volumes octavo.

Boyer on the Diseases of the Bones, 1 vol. 8 vo.

Dictionary of Commerce, one vol. octavo, just published.

Robertson's History of Charles the 5th.

Johnson's English Dictionary, improved by the addition of Walker's standard of pronunciation.

British Classics thirty-nine volumes 12mo. bound in calf.

Volney's View of the United States.

British Spy, (Letters of)

Curious Letters.

Hell's Surgery, 7 vols. 8vo. bound in calf.

Medical Experiments, 5 vols. octavo, calf and gilt.

Rollin's Ancient History, 10 vols. 12mo.

Pictarch's Lives, 6 vols. 12mo. Sc. &c.

R. G. GRAY,

Keeps constantly for Sale,

An extensive assortment of Latin and English School Books, writing paper, playing cards by the gross, dozen or single pack; paper hangings; handbox and bonnet boards; blank books of various sizes ready made, or made to any given pattern at a short notice, ruled with faint lines, bound with Spring backs, or Russia banded; common and pocket almanacks, for the year one thousand eight hundred and six.

December 2.

12w4t

N. B. Dr. Ree's Encyclopaedia will be put to press in about two weeks, those who wish to possess this valuable work at a moderate price, had best leave their names with the subscriber as soon as possible, as the price will probably be raised after the publication of the first volume.

Robert Gray.

COUNTY of ALEXANDRIA. NOVEMBER 16, 1805.

WAS taken up and committed to the jail of this county, a Negro Lad who calls himself MOSES. He says he was born of a free woman in Bladenburg, state of Maryland, and was sold at the sale of a Mr. Ross, of Bladenburg, to a Mr. Smith and a Mr. Green of New Orleans, and that he was persuaded to leave there by a Mr. Marshall, on pretence of getting him his freedom, and was brought to New York, and from there was sent to Alexandria, in the care of a Mr. Spencer, until the arrival of Mr. Marshall, who pretended to be his master, and left him in the care of Mr. John Gadsby, of Alexandria. The owner, if he has any, is requested to come and prove his property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of as the law directs.

December 22.

12w2m

This Mr. Marshall drew a draft on the Honorable John Marshall, Chief Judge of the United States, which was protested as a forgery, it was in favor of some gentlemen in New York.

J. Campbell, Jailor.

November 22.

12w2m

Wanted to Hire, A Negro Girl from 12 to 14 years of age—Apply to the PRINTER. November 17.

FAXON, METCALF & CO.

Have received per Schooner MARIA, from Boston, and offer for Sale, 36 barrels New-England Rum, 24 barrels (fall caught) Mackerel, 1 tierce Tanner's Oil, 189 Reams Wrapping Paper, And a general assortment of Shoes, which will be opened immediately and disposed of on reasonable terms.

ALSO ON HAND,

6 pipes Holland Gin, 4 pipes French Brandy, 40 barrels Bolton Pork, Few hogheads and barrels Molasses, and 750 Tile. Cash will be given for CORN AND RYE, apply as above.

December 30.

co2w

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of a Decree of the Superior Court of Chancery, held in the city of Richmond, the 5th of October 1805.

THE Subscribers will expose to SALE to the highest bidder, on the first Monday in March next, being Prince William court day at George William's Tavern, in the town of Dumfries at three o'clock, on a credit of six months; A TRACT OF LAND in the said county of Prince William, distant from the town of Dumfries thereunto six miles, laying on the east side of the main mountain road, bounded thereby, and includes Powell's run. It is said to contain six hundred and eighty five acres, with several tenements thereon, and is a part of the Tract of JOHN BERRYMAN, deceased, which was by him conveyed to RICHARD GRAHAM, and is now decreed to be sold to satisfy a Mortgage thereon, if the money be not paid by the twenty fifth day of next month.

Alexander Henderson,

John Gibson,

John Linton.

Dumfries, November 21, 1805.

(Dec. 28.) 12w8w

PUBLIC SALE.

On MONDAY, the second day of February, 1806, will be sold, on the premises, A TRACT OF LAND, situate on the Potomack, in the county of King George

adjoining Hooe's ferry, containing 356 acres. On this land is an excellent landing for a fishery, a salt marsh of about 40 acres, from which immense quantities of hay may be cut, and furnishes the best fowling ground of any part of the Potomack in the vicinity. A considerable proportion of the land is in wood, and the arable land on the river is intermixed with shell, which adapts it well to the culture of corn, wheat, to bacco, or cotton. The terms are, one half in hand, or approved bonds on demand; the remainder in twelve months with interest. A deed of trust will be required to secure the payment of the purchase money.

Gerard Alexander.

December 14.

12w6t

NOTICE.

THE Stock-Holders in the Marine Insurance Company, of Alexandria, are informed, that an election for fifteen Directors to manage the affairs of the said Company for the year ensuing, will be held at the court-house, in Alexandria, the 15th of next month.

By order of the Directors,

Wm. Hartthorne, President.

12th mo. 24d. Mr. Green, Fredericksburg; Mr. Davis, Richmond; Mr. Bowen, Winchester; are requested to insert the above two weeks in their respective papers.

NOTICE.

AT a meeting of the President and Directors of the Little River Turnpike Company, at John Gadsby's, in the town of Alexandria, on the 5th December, 1805—

Resolved, That the treasurer notify the stockholders in the Little River Turnpike Company, who have not paid up the several calls due from them, that the situation of the work will not admit of further indulgence; and that he cause legal proceedings to be had against all those who fail to make immediate payment—and that he publish this resolution in one of the newspapers of Alexandria, Leesburg, and Winchester.

True copy.

Levin Powell, President.

Dec. 6.

12w4w

This is to give Notice.

THAT the subscriber, of Alexandria county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court, of the said county, in the district of Columbia, letters of administration on the personal estate of John Bowling, late of the said county, deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the first day of June next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Elizabeth Bowling.

December 7.

12w6w

Wanted to Hire,

A Negro Girl from 12 to 14 years of age—Apply to the PRINTER. November 17.

CLEM & BOB—two runaway Negroes.

RAN AWAY, on the 12th inst., from William Phillips, of Fauquier county, two Negro Men, viz. CLEM and BOB. CLEM is of a yellow complexion, well made, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, has a scar on his left thigh, and a lump on his back, occasioned by a whipping he received for being clerk to a preacher.

BOB, (his brother) nearly black, slender made, nearly the height of Clem, and has an enlargement in his speech.

Whoever takes up the said Negroes and cures them so that I get them again, shall have one tenth part of what they will sell for, or one tenth part of what either of them will sell for if taken separate.

William Phillips,

Fauquier County, Dec. 31.

Tavern and Oyster-House.

THE subscriber begs leave respectfully to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has taken that commodious and convenient house, on Prince-street, next door to the counting house of Messrs. R. T. Hooe and Co. lately occupied by Captain James Davidson, where he will continue, as usual, to furnish Oysters, Beef-Stakes, and other articles in his line. He has provided a good stock of Liquors; and can at all times accommodate private parties at the shortest notice.

Returning thanks for the liberal encouragement he has met with, he respectfully solicits continuance of it, and pledges himself to exertion to please.

Frederick Shuck,

December 30.

N. B. Eight or ten boarders will be taken on low terms.

Notice is hereby given,

To the Stockholders of the Bank of Alexandria, THAT an election will be held at the Court House in this town on the third Monday in January next, for the purpose of choosing directors of said Bank for the ensuing year agreeably to charter.

Gurden Chapin, Cashr.

Dec. 16.

Mr. Davis of Richmond, Mr. Green of Fredericksburg, and Mr. Bowen of Winchester, will please insert the above four weeks in their respective newspapers.

PUBLIC SALE.

PURSUANT to a deed of trust, bearing date the 26th day of September, 1804, from Philip Wanton to the subscriber, for the purpose therein mentioned, will be sold, to the highest bidder, on the premises, on THURSDAY the 2d day of January, 1806,

A valuable Frame Dwelling-House and Lot of Ground, with a Tannery thereon, the town of Centreville, now in the occupation of Mr. Daniel Harrington. A liberal credit will be allowed, which will be particularly declared at the place and time of sale.

Samuel Craig, Trustee.

December 6.

12w2w&2w4d

JOHN WATTS,

Fairfax-street, opposite Mr. JOHN JANNEY'S, received via Baltimore,

A Handsome assortment of FALL & WINTER GOODS, Which he will sell low for cash, or on short credit, to punctual customers.

Superfine Cloths and Cassimers, Winsor Velveteen, Patent Cord and Patent Cord Waistcoats, Fancy Moleskins and Florentines, Silk Cloth and Velvets, Sewing Silk, Twist and Thread, Leno and Dragoon Mull Cloaks, Gentlemen's White and Black Silk Hose, Do. do. do. Gloves, Do. do. Span do. Do. York Fan and Doe-skin do. Ladies' White and Black Hosiery, Do. Extra long Silk Gloves and Mitts, Do. do. Wash Leather & Riding Gloves, Sattins, Lutestrings and Perfians, Lutestrings and Sattin Ribbons, Laces and Edgings, London Hosiery, Rose and Eufl Blankets, Silk Rugs and Quilts, Carpets and Carpeting, German Quabrigs, Dowlases and Bedtickings, Silk and Cotton Suspenders, Imperial and Young Hyson Teas, Clover Seed and Seine Twine, &c. &c.

ON 21

Boarding-House Opened, By the Subscriber, in Prince-street. In the house lately occupied by Thomas P. Hooe, between the dwelling house of Dr. D. Hooe and Mr. Hooe's store—where a few gentlemen boarders may be accommodated—with or without lodging. Apply to

William King.

November 1.

FOR SALE,

A valuable NEGRO MAN, About 25 years of age. Apply to the Printer, November 29.

Boarding-House Opened,

By the Subscriber, in Prince-street. In the house lately occupied by Thomas P. Hooe, between the dwelling house of Dr. D. Hooe and Mr. Hooe's store—where a few gentlemen boarders may be accommodated—with or without lodging. Apply to

William King.

November 1.

FOR SALE,

A valuable NEGRO MAN, About 25 years of age. Apply to the Printer, November 29.

PRINTED DAILY

BY SAMUEL SNOWDEN.

Vol. VI.

Public Sale. On FRIDAY next, at 1 o'clock, will be sold at the Vauxhall RUM

in bbls. and bls. French Brandy in bbls. and bls. Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bbls. Sugar in bbls. tierces and bls. Chocolate

White and brown Soap and Mould and dipt Candles

Raffins in kegs, boxes and jars, Figs in kegs and stalls, Queen's Ware in crates.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

&c. &c. Also,

A Variety of DRY GOODS

among which are

Cloths, Coatings, Kerfimeres

Duffels, Plains, Kerseys, Negro Cotton

Serges, Elastics, blue Friezes,

Calimancoes, Russels, Yarn Stockings

Chintzes and Calicoes,

Irish Linens, Silesia do.

Quabrigs and Tickenburgs,

Muslin and Muslin Handkerchiefs,

India Muslins and Table Cloths,

Bandanna Handkerchiefs,

Coloured Threads, Hats and sundries.

Philip G. Marshall

Nov. 12.

For Sale or Freight

The Schooner

BETSE

Burthen eight hundred barrels

Was built in eighteen hundred

—And is without exception the best

going to the port—for terms apply to

Benjamin Shreve,

Dec. 14

For Freight or Charter

To Europe or the West-Indies

THE BRIG

EQUATOR

Henry Moore, Master

Burthen 230 hhd. For terms apply

after on board, or to

HUGH SMITH

Dec. 16.

Liverpool Salt—Afloat

200 hhd. coarse Liverpool Salt

on board the schooner Favourite at La

wharf, and for sale by

Lawson & Fowler

Who have also received by said schooner

Boston,

30 bbls. New England Rum,

6 bbls. Molasses,